**Future Continuous - будущее длительное время**

Время **Future Continuous** указывает на процесс, который будет длиться в определенный момент в будущем. В отличие от времени [Future Simple](https://www.native-english.ru/grammar/future-simple), этот момент в будущем должен быть назван прямо (tomorrow at 4 o’clock, when we meet) или быть очевидным из контекста.

Tomorrow this time I **will be flying** to New York.  
Завтра в это же время я буду лететь в Нью-Йорк.

Don’t disturb me in the evening, I’**ll be preparing** for exam.  
Не мешайте мне вечером, я буду готовиться к экзамену.

**Образование Future Continuous**

Утвердительные предложения:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| I will be playing. | We will be playing. |
| You will be playing. | You will be playing. |
| He / she / it will be playing. | They will be playing. |

Вопросительные предложения:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Will I be playing? | Will we be playing? |
| Will you be playing? | Will you be playing? |
| Will he / she / it be playing? | Will they be playing? |

Отрицательные предложения:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| I will not be playing. | We will not be playing. |
| You will not be playing. | You will not be playing. |
| He / she / it will not be playing. | They will not be playing. |

Для того, чтобы поставить глагол в форму **Future Continuous**, нужен вспомогательный [глагол **to be**](https://www.native-english.ru/grammar/verb-to-be) в будущем времени и [причастие настоящего времени](https://www.native-english.ru/grammar/participle) (Participle I) смыслового глагола. **To be** в будущем времени имеет форму **will be**.

They **will be packing** presents tomorrow morning.  
Завтра утром они будут упаковывать подарки.

Примечание:

Личные местоимения и вспомогательный глагол часто сокращаются до**I’ll, he’ll, they’ll** и т. д.

В **вопросительном предложении** **will** выносится на место перед подлежащим, а **to be** и смысловой глагол остаются после него:

Why did you bring an album? **Will**we **be studying** painting?  
Зачем Вы принесли альбом? Мы будем изучать живопись?

В **отрицательных предложениях** после **will** ставится отрицательная частица **not**. Вместе они могут быть сокращены до формы **won’t**:

At 6 I **won’t be sleeping** yet.  
В шесть я еще не буду спать.

**Случаи употребления Future Continuous**

* Указание на процесс, который будет происходить в определенный момент в будущем:

At 7 o’clock we’**ll be having** barbecue, you are welcome to join.  
В семь часов у нас будет барбекю, приглашаем зайти.

**Exercises Future Continuous**

Exercise 1. Open the brackets using Future Continuous.

1. Don't ring her up at 12 o'clock. She (have) her music lesson.

2. At this time tomorrow the boys of our group (play) football.

3. When we arrive in St.-Petersburg, it probably (rain).

4. It is late autumn; soon the leaves (fall).

5. Let's wait here; the Palace Bridge (open) in a minute to let that ship through.

Exercise 2. Answer the questions using the given suggestions.

Example: What will he be doing tomorrow afternoon? (drive to the seaside) He **will be driving** to the seaside.

1. What will she be doing on Sunday? (make a dress)

2. What will you be doing at this time next week? (bathe in the Black Sea)

3. What will grandfather be doing when we arrive? (work in the garden)

4. What will he be doing at the University for five years? (study law)

5. What will they be doing at this time tomorrow? (fly to Kiev)

6. What will she be doing at the concert tonight? (sing Russian folk-songs)

7. What will he be doing at this time the day after tomorrow? (interview a foreign delegation)

8. What will she be doing next term? (lecture at the Institute of Foreign Languages)

Exercise 3. Extend the statements using the words in brackets.

Example: Don't call for me at six. (have a bath)

1. Don't call for me at six; I **shall be having a bath.**

2. Don't ring them up at seven in the morning, (sleep)

3. Don't send us any letters in June, (travel)

4. Don't call on us tonight, (pack)

5. Don't come to see her after lunch, (type)

Exercise 4.Complete the sentences in A using the **will be + -ing** form. Find a question in В to go with each sentence.

Example:

1. I’ll be going past the post office. Shall I post your letter?

АВ

1. I …. (go) past the post office. Would you like to borrow it?

2. …. (you/speak) to Robert? Shall we get one for you?

3. I …….. (not/use) my car tonight. Can you give her something?

4. We ……. (get) some concert tickets. Could I have a lift?

5. When …….. (you/visit) Sue again? Shall I post your letter?

6. ………. (you/drive) into town today? Can you give him a message?